Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague
Prosecká 811/76a
190 00 Prague
Czech Republic
eota@tzus.cz

Designated according to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011

Member of EOTA
www.eota.eu

European Technical Assessment

ETA 20/0617 of 10/07/2020

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA: Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague	
Trade name of the construction product	WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Product area code: 33 Bonded injection type anchor for use in cracked and uncracked concrete
Manufacturer	KLIMAS sp. z o.o. Ul.Wincentego Witosa 135/137 Kuźnica Kiedrzyńska 42-233 Mykanów, POLSKA
Manufacturing plant	Plant no. 3
This European Technical Assessment contains	18 pages including 15 Annexes which form an integral part of this assessment.
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of	EAD 330499-01-0601 Bonded fasteners for use in concrete

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

1. Technical description of the product

The WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C (faster curing time) and WCF-XS-E (extended processing time) with steel elements is bonded anchor (injection type).

Steel elements can be galvanized or stainless steel threaded rod or rebar.

Steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar. The steel element is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete. The anchor is intended to be used with embedment depth from 8 diameters to 20 diameters.

The illustration and the description of the product are given in Annex A.

2. Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3. Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Static and quasi-static loading	
Resistance to steel failure (tension)	See Annex C1, C2
Resistance to combined pull-out and concrete failure	See Annex C1, C2
Resistance to concrete cone failure	See Annex C1, C2
Edge distance to prevent splitting under load	See Annex C1, C2
Robustness	See Annex C1, C2
Maximum setting torque moment	See Annex B4
Minimum edge distance and spacing	See Annex B4
Resistance to steel failure (shear)	See Annex C3, C4
Resistance to pry-out failure	See Annex C3, C4
Resistance to concrete edge failure	See Annex C3, C4
Displacements under short term and long term loading	See Annex C5
Durability of metal parts	See Annex B1
Seismic performance C1 and C2	
Resistance to steel failure	See Annex C6, C7
Resistance to pull-out	See Annex C6, C7
Factor for annular gap	See Annex C6, C7
Displacement	See Annex C7

3.2 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

No performance determined.

3.3 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and serviceability are only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B 1 are kept.

4. Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied with reference to its legal base

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission[1] the system of assessment verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table apply.

Product	Intended use	Level or class	System
Metal anchors for use in concrete	For fixing and/or supporting to concrete, structural elements (which contributes to the stability of the works) or heavy units	-	1

5. Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided in the applicable EAD

5.1 Tasks of the manufacturer

The manufacturer may only use raw materials stated in the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is a part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague.[2] The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

5.2 Tasks of the notified bodies

The notified body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The notified certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue a certificate of constancy of performance of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment.

In cases where the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the notified body shall withdraw the certificate of constancy of performance and inform Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague without delay.

Issued in Prague on 10.07.2020

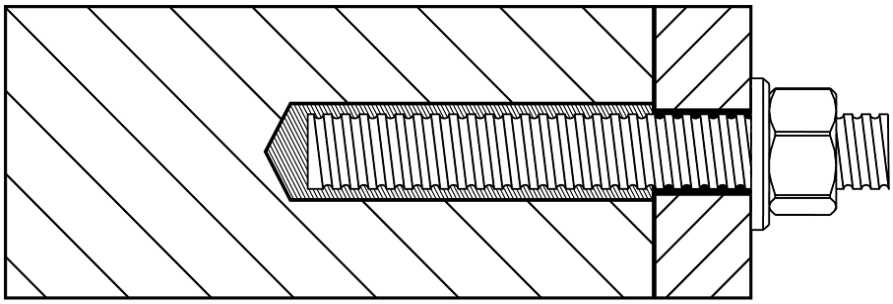
By
Ing. Mária Schaan
Head of the Technical Assessment Body

TECHNICKÝ A ZKUŠEBNÍ ÚSTAV STAVEBNÍ PRAHA, s.p.
Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague, SOE
ZÚS
Czech Republic
Technical Assessment Body
Subjekt pro technické posuzování

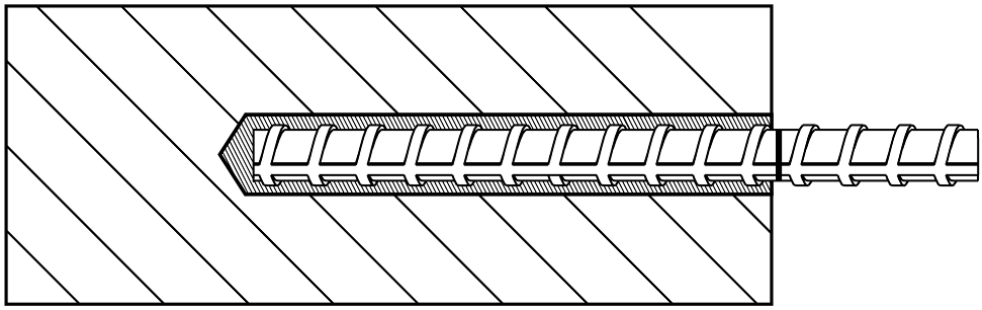
[1] Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

[2] The control plan is a confidential part of the documentation of the European Technical Assessment, but not published together with the ETA and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of AVCP.

Threaded rod



Reinforcing bar



WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E	**Annex A 1**
Product description Installed conditions	

Coaxial cartridge

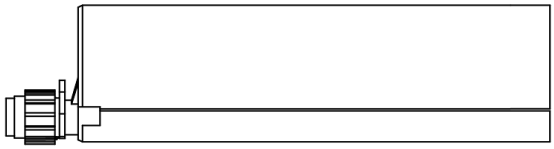
WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

150 ml
380 ml
400 ml
410 ml
420 ml

Side by side cartridge

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

345 ml
350 ml
360 ml
825 ml



Two part foil in a single piston component cartridge

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

150 ml
170 ml
300 ml
410 ml
550 ml
850 ml

Peeler cartridge

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

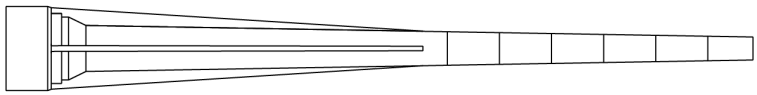
280 ml

Marking of the mortar cartridges

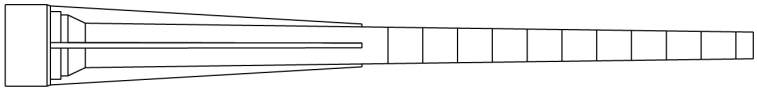
Identifying mark of the producer, Trade name, Charge code number, Storage life, Curing and processing time

Mixing nozzle

NN

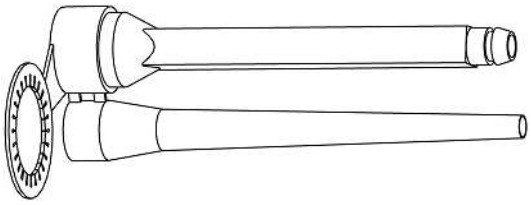


WN

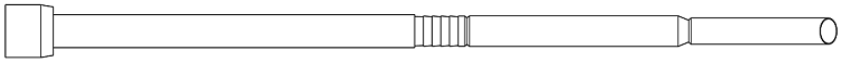


EN

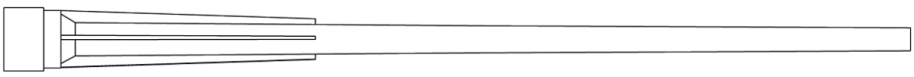
SN



LN

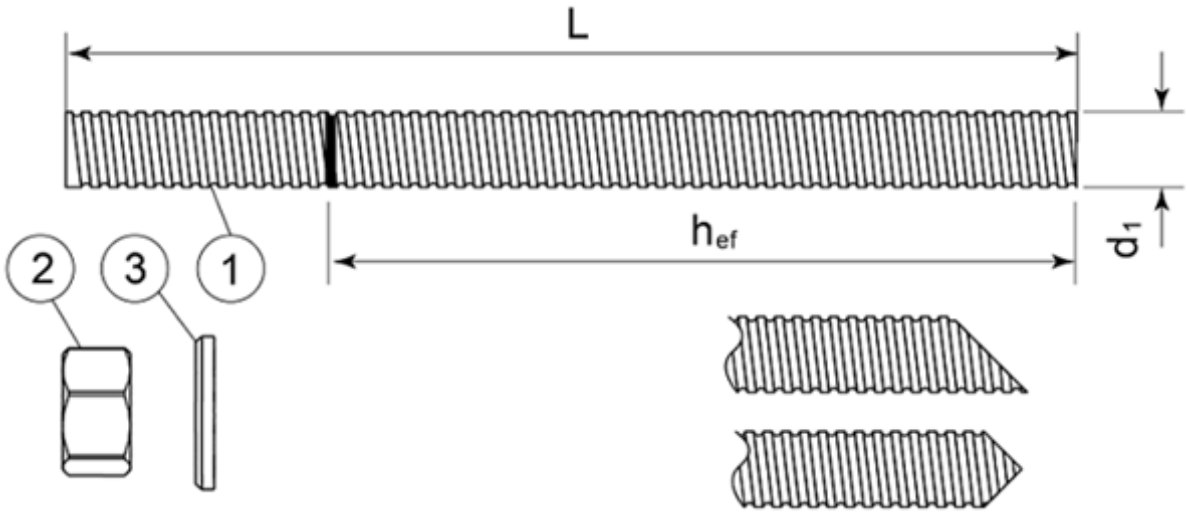


KN for 850



WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E	**Annex A 2**
Product description Injection system	

Threaded rod M8, M10, M12, M16, M20, M24, M27, M30



Standard commercial threaded rod with marked embedment depth

Part	Designation	Material
Steel, zinc plated ≥ 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 4042 or Steel, Hot-dip galvanized ≥ 40 µm acc. to EN ISO 1461 and EN ISO 10684 or Steel, zinc diffusion coating ≥ 15 µm acc. to EN 13811		
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 4.6, 5.8, 8.8, 10.9* EN ISO 898-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod, EN 20898-2
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
Stainless steel		
1	Anchor rod	Material: A2-70, A4-70, A4-80, EN ISO 3506
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod
High corrosion resistant steel		
1	Anchor rod	Material: 1.4529, 1.4565, EN 10088-1
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod
3	Washer EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to threaded rod

*Galvanized rod of high strength are sensitive to hydrogen induced brittle failure

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E	**Annex A 3**
Product description Threaded rod and materials	

Rebar Ø8, Ø10, Ø12, Ø16, Ø20, Ø25, Ø32

Standard commercial reinforcing bar with marked embedment depth

Product form		**Bars and de-coiled rods**	
Class		B	C
Characteristic yield strength f_{yk} or $f_{0,2k}$ (MPa)		400 to 600	
Minimum value of $k = (f_t/f_y)_k$		≥ 1,08	≥ 1,15 < 1,35
Characteristic strain at maximum force ε_{uk} (%)		≥ 5,0	≥ 7,5
Bendability		Bend/Rebend test	
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%)	Nominal bar size (mm) ≤ 8 > 8	 ±6,0 ±4,5	
Bond: Minimum relative rib area, $f_{R,min}$	Nominal bar size (mm) 8 to 12 > 12	 0,040 0,056	

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E	**Annex A 4**
Product description Rebars and materials	

Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

- Static and quasi-static load.
- Seismic actions category C1 (max w = 0,5 mm): threaded rod size M10, M12, M16, M20, M24
- Seismic actions category C2 (max w = 0,8 mm): threaded rod size M12, M16, M20

Base materials

- Uncracked concrete.
- Cracked and uncracked concrete for threaded rod size M10, M12, M16, M20, M24
- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at maximum according EN 206:2013.

Temperature range:

- -40°C to +80°C (max. short. term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C)

Use conditions (Environmental conditions)

- (X1) Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- (X2) Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel A4, high corrosion resistant steel).
- (X3) Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Concrete conditions:

- I1 – installation in dry or wet (water saturated) concrete and use in service in dry or wet concrete.
- I2 – installation in water-filled (not sea water) and use in service in dry or wet concrete

Design:

- The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EN 1992-4 under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.
- Anchorages under seismic actions (cracked concrete) have to be designed in accordance with EN 1992-4.

Installation:

- Hole drilling by hammer drill mode.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.

Installation direction:

- D3 – downward and horizontal and upwards (e.g. overhead) installation

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E	**Annex B 1**
Intended use Specifications	

Applicator gun

A

B

C

D

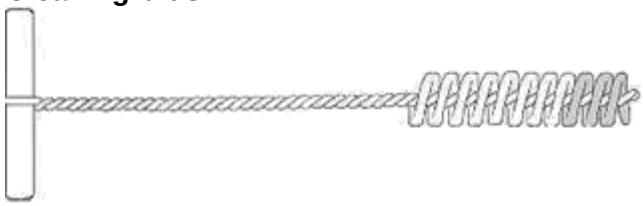
E

F

G

Applicator gun	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Cartridge	Coaxial 380ml 400ml 410ml	Side by side 350ml	Foil capsule 150ml 300ml 550ml	Foil capsule 150ml 300ml Peeler 280ml	Coaxial 150ml	Side by side 825ml	Foil capsule 850ml

Cleaning brush



WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E	**Annex B 2**
Intended use Applicator guns Cleaning brush	

Installation instructions

1. Drill the hole to the correct diameter and depth using a rotary percussion drilling machine.

2. Thoroughly clean the hole in the following sequence using the brush with the required extensions and a blow pump:

   Blow Clean x2.
   Brush Clean x2.
   Blow Clean x2.
   Brush Clean x2.
   Blow Clean x2.

   Remove standing water from the hole prior to cleaning to achieve maximum performance.

3. Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle for the installation, open the cartridge/cut foil pack and screw nozzle onto the mouth of the cartridge. Insert the cartridge into a good quality applicator (gun).

4. Extrude the first part of the cartridge to waste until an even colour has been achieved without streaking in the resin.

5. If necessary, cut the extension tube to the depth of the hole and push onto the end of the mixer nozzle, and fit the correct resin stopper to the other end.

6. Insert the mixer nozzle (or the extension tube with resin stopper when necessary) to the bottom of the hole. Begin to extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the mixer nozzle from the hole ensuring that there are no air voids as the mixer nozzle is withdrawn. Fill the hole to approximately ½ to ¾ full and withdraw the nozzle completely.

7. Insert the clean threaded bar, free from oil or other release agents, to the bottom of the hole using a back and forth twisting motion ensuring all the threads are thoroughly coated. Adjust to the correct position within the stated working time.

8. Excess resin will be expelled from the hole evenly around the steel element showing that the hole is full.

   This excess resin should be removed from around the mouth of the hole before it sets.

9. Leave the anchor to cure.

   Do not disturb the anchor until the appropriate loading time has elapsed depending on the substrate conditions and ambient temperature.

10. Attach the fixture and tighten the nut to the recommended torque.
    Do not overtighten.

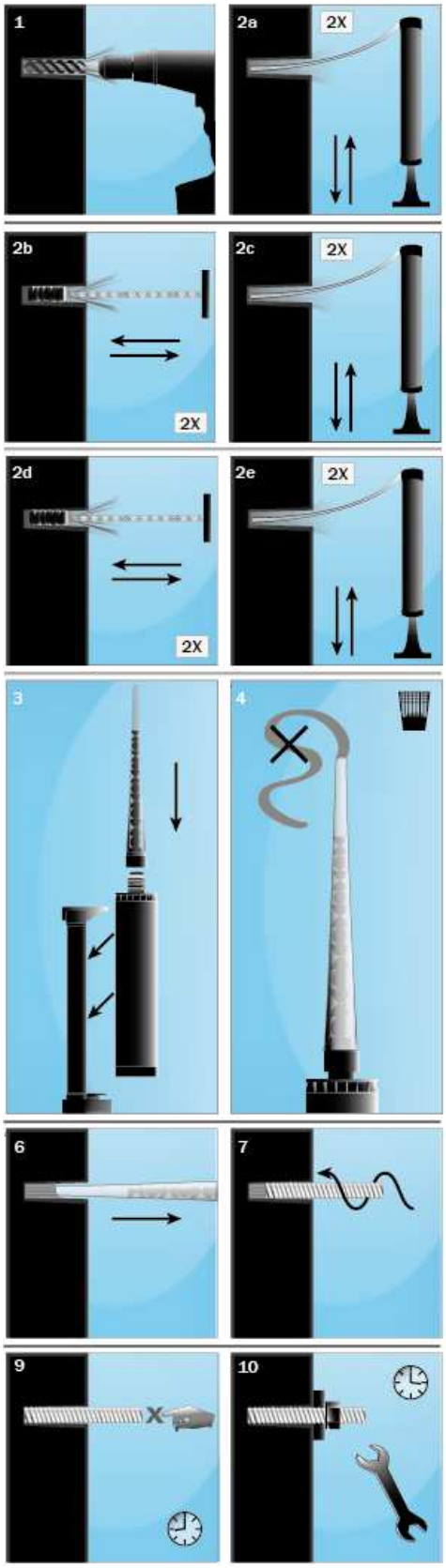


Table B1: Installation parameters of threaded rod

Size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Nominal drill hole diameter	$Ød_0$	[mm]	10	12	14	18	22	26	30	35
Diameter of cleaning brush	d_b	[mm]	14	14	20	20	29	29	40	40
Torque moment	max T_{fix}	[Nm]	10	20	40	80	150	200	240	275
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,min}$	$h_0 = h_{ef}$	[mm]	64	80	96	128	160	192	216	240
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,max}$	$h_0 = h_{ef}$	[mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Minimum edge distance	c_{min}	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96	110	120
Minimum spacing	s_{min}	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96	110	120
Minimum thickness of member	h_{min}	[mm]	h_{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm				h_{ef} + $2d_0$			

Table B2: Installation parameters of rebar

Size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Nominal drill hole diameter	$Ød_0$	[mm]	12	14	16	20	25	32	40
Diameter of cleaning brush	d_b	[mm]	14	14	19	22	29	40	42
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,min}$	$h_0 = h_{ef}$	[mm]	64	80	96	128	160	200	256
Depth of drill hole for $h_{ef,max}$	$h_0 = h_{ef}$	[mm]	160	200	240	320	400	500	640
Minimum edge distance	c_{min}	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	100	130
Minimum spacing	s_{min}	[mm]	35	40	50	65	80	100	130
Minimum thickness of member	h_{min}	[mm]	h_{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm				h_{ef} + $2d_0$		

Table B3: Cleaning

All diameters
- 2 x blowing
- 2 x brushing
- 2 x blowing
- 2 x brushing
- 2 x blowing

Table B4: Minimum curing time

WCF-XS

Application temperature	Processing time	Load time
+5 to +10°C	10 mins	145 mins
+10 to +15°C	8 mins	85 mins
+15 to +20°C	6 mins	75 mins
+20 to +25°C	5 mins	50 mins
+25 to +30°C	4 mins	40 mins

Processing time refers to the highest temperature in the range.
Load time refers to the lowest temperature in the range.
Cartridge must be conditioned to a minimum +5°C.

WCF-XS-C

Application temperature	Processing time	Load time
0 to +5°C	10 mins	75 mins
+5 to +20°C	5 mins	50 mins
+20°C	100 second	20 mins

Processing time refers to the highest temperature in the range.
Load time refers to the lowest temperature in the range.
Cartridge must be conditioned to a minimum 0°C.

WCF-XS-E

Application temperature	Processing time	Load time
+15 to +20°C	15 mins	5 hours
+20 to +25°C	10 mins	145 mins
+25 to +30°C	7.5 mins	85 mins
+30 to +35°C	5 mins	50 mins
+35 to +40°C	3.5 mins	40 mins

Processing time refers to the highest temperature in the range.
Load time refers to the lowest temperature in the range.
Cartridge must be conditioned to a minimum +15°C.

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

Intended use
Installation parameters
Curing time

Annex B 4

Table C1: Design method EN 1992-4
Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of threaded rod

Steel failure – Characteristic resistance										
Size			**M8**	**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**	**M27**	**M30**
Steel grade **4.6**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	2,00							
Steel grade **5.8**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,50							
Steel grade **8.8**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,50							
Steel grade **10.9**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	37	58	84	157	245	353	459	561
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,33							
Stainless steel grade **A2-70, A4-70**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,87							
Stainless steel grade **A4-80**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	126	196	282	367	449
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,60							
Stainless steel grade **1.4529**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,50							
Stainless steel grade **1.4565**	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	172	247	321	393
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,87							

Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in uncracked concrete C20/25										
Size			**M8**	**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**	**M27**	**M30**
Characteristic bond resistance in uncracked concrete										
Dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	11	10	9,5	9	8,5	8	6,5	5,5
Installation safety factor	γ_{inst}	[-]	1,2						1,4	
Flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	9	8	7,5	7	7	6		
Installation safety factor	γ_{inst}	[-]	1,4							
Factor for concrete C50/60	ψ_c	[-]	1							

Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in cracked concrete C20/25							
Size			**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**
Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete							
Dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5	5
Installation safety factor	γ_{inst}	[-]	1,2				
Flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	5	5
Installation safety factor	γ_{inst}	[-]	1,4				
Factor for cracked concrete C30/37	ψ_c	[-]	1,12				
Factor for cracked concrete C40/50	ψ_c	[-]	1,23				
Factor for cracked concrete C50/60	ψ_c	[-]	1,30				

Concrete cone failure			
Factor for concrete cone failure for uncracked concrete	$k_{ucr,N}$	[-]	11
Factor for concrete cone failure for cracked concrete	$k_{cr,N}$	[-]	7,7
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	$1,5h_{ef}$

Splitting failure										
Size			**M8**	**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**	**M27**	**M30**
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,5h_{ef}$							
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$3,0h_{ef}$							

Table C2: Design method EN 1992-4
Characteristic values of resistance to tension load of rebar

Steel failure – Characteristic resistance									
Size			**Ø8**	**Ø10**	**Ø12**	**Ø16**	**Ø20**	**Ø25**	**Ø32**
Rebar BSt 500 S	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	28	43	62	111	173	270	442
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,4						

Combined pullout and concrete cone failure in uncracked concrete C20/25									
Size			**Ø8**	**Ø10**	**Ø12**	**Ø16**	**Ø20**	**Ø25**	**Ø32**
Characteristic bond resistance in uncracked concrete									
Dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	12	10	10	9	9	9	5,5
Installation safety factor	γ_{inst}	[-]	1,2						
Flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	12	10	10	9	9	9	5,5
Installation safety factor	γ_{inst}	[-]	1,4						
Factor for concrete C50/60	ψ_c	[-]	1						

Concrete cone failure			
Factor for concrete cone failure	$k_{ucr,N}$	[-]	11
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	$1,5h_{ef}$

Splitting failure									
Size			**Ø8**	**Ø10**	**Ø12**	**Ø16**	**Ø20**	**Ø25**	**Ø32**
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,5h_{ef}$						
Spacing	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$3,0h_{ef}$						

Table C3: Design method EN 1992-4
Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of threaded rod

Steel failure without lever arm									
Size			**M8**	**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**	**M27**	**M30**
Steel grade **4.6**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	7	12	17	31	49	71	92	112
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,67							
Steel grade **5.8**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade **8.8**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade **10.9**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	79	123	177	230	281
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,5							
Stainless steel grade **A2-70, A4-70**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	161	196
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,56							
Stainless steel grade **A4-80**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,33							
Stainless steel grade **1.4529**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	161	196
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,25							
Stainless steel grade **1.4565**	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	161	196
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,56							
Characteristic resistance of group of fasteners										
Ductility factor	k_7 = 1,0 for steel with rupture elongation A_5 > 8%									

Steel failure with lever arm									
Size			**M8**	**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**	**M27**	**M30**
Steel grade **4.6**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	15	30	52	133	260	449	666	900
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,67							
Steel grade **5.8**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	19	37	66	166	325	561	832	1125
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade **8.8**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,25							
Steel grade **10.9**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	37	75	131	333	649	1123	1664	2249
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,50							
Stainless steel grade **A2-70, A4-70**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,56							
Stainless steel grade **A4-80**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	30	60	105	266	519	898	1332	1799
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,33							
Stainless steel grade **1.4529**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,25							
Stainless steel grade **1.4565**	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	26	52	92	233	454	786	1165	1574
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,56							
Concrete pry-out failure										
Factor for resistance to pry-out failure	k_8	[-]	2							

Concrete edge failure									
Size			**M8**	**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**	**M27**	**M30**
Outside diameter of fastener	d_{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Effective length of fastener	ℓ_f	[mm]	min (h_{ef}, 8 d_{nom})							

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

Performances
Design according to EN 1992-4
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - threaded rod

Annex C 3

Table C4: Design method EN 1992-4
Characteristic values of resistance to shear load of rebar

Steel failure without lever arm								
Size			**Ø8**	**Ø10**	**Ø12**	**Ø16**	**Ø20**	**Ø25**	**Ø32**
Rebar BSt 500 S	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	14	22	31	55	86	135	221
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,5						
Characteristic resistance of group of fasteners									
Ductility factor k_7 = 1,0 for steel with rupture elongation A_5 > 8%									

Steel failure with lever arm								
Size			**Ø8**	**Ø10**	**Ø12**	**Ø16**	**Ø20**	**Ø25**	**Ø32**
Rebar BSt 500 S	$M^0_{Rk,s}$	[N.m]	33	65	112	265	518	1013	2122
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]	1,5						
Concrete pry-out failure									
Factor for resistance to pry-out failure	k_8	[-]	2						

Concrete edge failure								
Size			**Ø8**	**Ø10**	**Ø12**	**Ø16**	**Ø20**	**Ø25**	**Ø32**
Outside diameter of fastener	d_{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	25	32
Effective length of fastener	ℓ_f	[mm]	min (h_{ef}, 8 d_{nom})						

Table C5: Displacement of threaded rod under tension and shear load

Size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Tension load									
Uncracked concrete									
δ_{N0}	[mm/kN]	0,05	0,04	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,01
$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,11	0,09	0,06	0,04	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,02
Cracked concrete									
δ_{N0}	[mm/kN]		0,08	0,09	0,05	0,03	0,02		
$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/kN]		0,51	0,32	0,18	0,13	0,11		
Shear load									
δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,48	0,30	0,20	0,11	0,10	0,08	0,06	0,05
$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,72	0,45	0,30	0,17	0,14	0,12	0,10	0,08

Table C6: Displacement of rebar under tension and shear load

Size		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Tension load								
Uncracked concrete								
δ_{N0}	[mm/kN]	0,04	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01
$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,09	0,07	0,05	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,01
Shear load								
δ_{V0}	[mm/kN]	0,05	0,04	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01
$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,08	0,06	0,05	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,01

Table C7: Seismic performance category C1

Size			**M10**	**M12**	**M16**	**M20**	**M24**
Tension load							
Steel failure							
Characteristic resistance grade **4.6**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	23	34	63	98	141
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			2,00		
Characteristic resistance grade **5.8**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	29	42	79	123	177
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,50		
Characteristic resistance grade **8.8**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	46	67	126	196	282
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,50		
Characteristic resistance grade **10.9**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	58	84	157	245	353
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,33		
Characteristic resistance **A2-70, A4-70**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	41	59	110	172	247
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,87		
Characteristic resistance **A4-80**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	46	67	126	196	282
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,60		
Characteristic resistance **1.4529**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	41	59	110	172	247
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,50		
Characteristic resistance **1.4565**	$N_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	41	59	110	172	247
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,87		
Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure							
Dry, wet concrete and flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk,p,eq,C1}$	[N/mm²]	5,5	5,5	5,5	4,2	5,0
Installation safety factor – Dry and wet concrete	γ_{inst}	[-]			1,2		
Installation safety factor – Flooded hole	γ_{inst}	[-]			1,4		

Shear load							
Steel failure without lever arm							
Characteristic resistance grade **4.6**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	7	10	23	30	40
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,67		
Characteristic resistance grade **5.8**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	9	13	28	38	51
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,25		
Characteristic resistance grade **8.8**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	14	21	45	61	81
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,25		
Characteristic resistance grade **10.9**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	18	26	56	76	101
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,50		
Characteristic resistance **A2-70**, **A4-70**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	12	18	39	53	71
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,56		
Characteristic resistance **A4-80**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	14	21	45	61	81
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,33		
Characteristic resistance **1.4529**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	12	18	39	53	71
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,25		
Characteristic resistance **1.4565**	$V_{Rk,s,eq}$	[kN]	12	18	39	53	71
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]			1,56		
Characteristic shear load resistance $V_{Rk,s,eq}$ in the Table C7 shall be multiplied by following reduction factor for **hot-dip galvanized** commercial standard rods							
Reduction factor for hot-dip galvanized rods	$\alpha_{v,h\text{-}dg,c1}$	[-]	0,57	0,56	0,49	0,56	0,61
Factor for annular gap	α_{gap}	[-]			0,5		

The anchor shall be used with minimum rupture elongation after fracture A_5 equal to 19%.

Note: Rebars are not qualified for seismic design

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

Performances
Seismic performance category C1

Annex C 6

Table C8: Seismic performance category C2

Size			M12	M16	M20
Tension load					
Steel failure					
Characteristic resistance grade **4.6**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	34	63	98
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		2,00	
Characteristic resistance grade **5.8**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	42	79	123
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,50	
Characteristic resistance grade **8.8**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	67	126	196
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,50	
Characteristic resistance grade **10.9**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	84	157	245
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,33	
Characteristic resistance **A2-70, A4-70**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	59	110	172
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,87	
Characteristic resistance **A4-80**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	67	126	196
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,60	
Characteristic resistance **1.4529**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	59	110	172
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,50	
Characteristic resistance **1.4565**	$N_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	59	110	172
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,87	
Characteristic resistance to pull-out					
Dry, wet concrete and flooded hole	$\tau_{Rk,p,eq,C2}$	[N/mm^2]	1,2	1,4	1,6
Installation safety factor – Dry and wet concrete	γ_{inst}	[-]		1,2	
Installation safety factor – Flooded hole	γ_{inst}	[-]		1,4	

Shear load					
Steel failure without lever arm					
Characteristic resistance grade **4.6**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	13	18	28
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,67	
Characteristic resistance grade **5.8**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	16	22	35
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,25	
Characteristic resistance grade **8.8**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	25	36	56
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,25	
Characteristic resistance grade **10.9**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	32	45	70
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,50	
Characteristic resistance **A2-70**, **A4-70**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	22	31	49
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,56	
Characteristic resistance **A4-80**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	25	36	56
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,33	
Characteristic resistance **1.4529**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	22	31	49
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,25	
Characteristic resistance **1.4565**	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C2}$	[kN]	22	31	49
Partial safety factor	γ_{Ms}	[-]		1,56	
Characteristic shear load resistance $V_{Rk,s,eq}$ in the Table C8 shall be multiplied by following reduction factor for **hot-dip galvanized** commercial standard rods					
Reduction factor for hot-dip galvanized rods	$\alpha_{v,h\text{-}dg,c2}$	[-]	0,46	0,61	0,61
Factor for annular gap	α_{gap}	[-]		0,5	

Table C9: Displacement under tensile and shear load - seismic category C2

Size		M12	M16	M20
$\delta_{N,eq(DLS)}$	[mm]	0,57	0,35	0,85
$\delta_{N,eq(ULS)}$	[mm]	7,62	6,75	7,28
$\delta_{V,eq(DLS)}$	[mm]	5,29	4,12	4,94
$\delta_{V,eq(ULS)}$	[mm]	10,20	9,05	10,99

The anchor shall be used with minimum rupture elongation after fracture A_5 equal to 19%.

Note: Rebars are not qualified for seismic design

WCF-XS, WCF-XS-C, WCF-XS-E

Performances
Seismic performance category C2

Annex C 7